



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY
B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2022

PHSADSE04T-PHYSICS (DSE3/4)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 50

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

Answer Question No.1 and any two questions from the rest

1. Answer any **fifteen** questions from the following: 2×15 = 30
- $x + y = 10$ is defined in natural number N . Show that this relation is not transitive.
 - Show that the centre of a group, $Z(G)$, forms a subgroup.
 - Show that Inverse of an element in a subgroup is the inverse of the element of the group.
 - Show that two left cosets of a subgroup H either coincide completely, or else have no elements in common at all.
 - Show three cube roots of unity form an abelian group under multiplication.
 - Give irreducible representation of $SU(2)$ group.
 - Prove that the group of order two is always cyclic.
 - A random number \tilde{x} is distributed uniformly between $[0, 1]$. Find its variance.
 - A book of 1000 pages contains 20 typographical errors. What is the probability that there is at least one error in a single page?
 - In a one dimensional random walk, the probability of moving one step in the right is p for each step. Find the probability of reaching the starting point by a random walker after taking $2n$ number of steps.
 - Find the standard deviation of the uniform distribution $f(x) = \frac{1}{n}$; $(x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n)$.
 - Let x be distributed in the Poisson form. If $P(x = 1) = P(x = 2)$; Find the expectation value.
 - Four coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability of obtaining 2 heads and 2 tails.
 - Show that total area under a normal curve is unity.
 - State the condition when a binomial distribution can be approximated to normal distribution.

(p) Let a homomorphism $f : (G, \bullet) \rightarrow (H, \bullet)$. Show that $f(e_G) = e_H$, where e_I is the identity element of group I .

(q) State the nature of the equations:

$$(i) 4 \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$(ii) \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 U}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

(r) Find the solution of one dimensional Laplace's equation, where at the boundaries, the solution $\psi(x=0) = \psi(x=l) = 0$.

(s) Determine the condition under which the following differential equation can be solved by the method of separation of variables:

$$C_1 \frac{\partial \phi(x, t)}{\partial t} + C_2 \nabla^2 \phi(x, t) + V(x, t) \phi(x, t) = 0, \text{ where } C_1 \text{ and } C_2 \text{ are constants.}$$

(t) Show that the equation $\left[a^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} - b^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right] \phi(x, y) = 0$ can be expressed as the product of two linear partial differential equations with real coefficients.

2. (a) A multiplication table of a Group consists 6 elements is given below

3+2+2

e	a_1	a_2	a_3	a_4	a_5
a_1	e	a_4	a_5	a_2	a_3
a_2	a_5	e	a_4	a_3	a_1
a_3	a_4	a_5	e	a_1	a_2
a_4	a_3	a_1	a_2	a_5	e
a_5	a_2	a_3	a_1	e	a_4

(i) Identify the two elements and 3 elements subgroups

(ii) Find the left cosets of any one 2 elements subgroup.

(iii) Show that three elements subgroup is the invariant subgroup.

(b) Show that the set $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$ forms a cyclic group for multiplication. Find its generator.

3

3. (a) Using the method of least squares, fit a straight line to the four points:

4

x	1	2	3	4
y	1.7	1.8	2.3	3.2

(b) Let f be a homomorphism from $G \rightarrow G'$. Denote by K the set of all elements of G which are mapped to the identity element of G' , Then K forms an invariant subgroup of G . Prove it.

3

(c) Statistical average of some function $f(x)$ is defined as

3

$$\langle f(x) \rangle = \sum_i f(x_i) P_i. \text{ Show that } \left(\frac{d^k}{dt^k} \langle e^{tx} \rangle \right)_{t=0} = \langle x^k \rangle$$

4. (a) Prove that Poisson distribution may be obtained as a limiting case of Binomial distribution. 3
- (b) In a bolt factory, machines A_1 , A_2 and A_3 manufacture respectively 25, 35 and 40% of the total. Of their output 5, 4 and 2% are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at random and found it defective. What is the probabilities that it was manufactured by the machine A_1 , A_2 or A_3 ? 4
- (c) Deduce the expression for mean of a binomial distribution. 3

5. (a) Solve: $\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} = 0$ given 4

$$T(0, y) = 0; T(x, \infty) = 0$$

$$T(a, y) = 0; T(x, 0) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right)$$

- (b) Let U and V are two solutions of Laplace's equation. If both of them satisfy either Dirichlet or Neumann boundary condition, then show that they are at most differ by a constant otherwise identical. 3
- (c) Show that following transformation forms a group under multiplication, 3

$$\begin{pmatrix} ct' \\ x' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cosh \Psi & \sinh \Psi \\ \sinh \Psi & \cosh \Psi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} ct \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$

Ignore the fact that range of Ψ , $(-\infty, \infty)$ is not finite.

N.B. : Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.

—x—